

Legal web may have slowed inquiry into missing men

By JESSICA S. GOOD
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TAMPA — A veteran Tampa detective with a history of accusations of cover-up corruption has filed a lawsuit stating that the Hillsborough County state attorney interfered with an investigation into the disappearance of two gay men in Dec.

The interference delayed the search of a possible suspect's residence for months, said Detective Dale "Chip" DeBlock in his suit against State Attorney Mark Ober.

Eventually, federal drug agents secured the court's permission to search the residence, where they found "evidence of the kidnapping, sexual molestation, torture or aggravated battery of victims," DeBlock also stated in the lawsuit.

Separately, police in the Tampa Bay area have investigated the disappearance of at least five gay men. DeBlock was assigned to investigate the disappearance of Jason Galehouse, formerly of Sarasota florist, and Michael Wachholz, who were both 26 when they disappeared in separate parts of Tampa on Dec. 20.

Wachholz's body was found wrapped in a sheet Jan. 6 in the back of a Jeep Cherokee in a "Tampa 'N Country" apartment complex lot. Galehouse has not been found.

Detective sought warrant

In January, DeBlock asked the Hillsborough state attorney's office to help him obtain a search warrant for a possible suspect to the disappearance of the two men. The suspect may have used a date-rape drug called Gamma-Hydroxy Butyrate, or GHB, to drug and kidnap gay men, then sexually assault and



Dele "Chip"
DeBlock was turned down for a search warrant months ago.



From left,
Jason
Galehouse,
Michael
Wachholz,
and Bradley
Lee Williams.

The disappearances of five gay men

At least five gay men have been reported missing in the Tampa Bay area since 1996. One was found dead.

Michael Wachholz, 26, reported missing Dec. 20, 2003, leaving dead Jan. 6. Last seen leaving his home in Tampa.

Jason Galehouse, 26, formerly of Sarasota, missing since Dec.

20, 2003. Last seen about 2:45 a.m. at a house in Tampa where he told friends he was leaving with two men. Authorities say they have not established a link between the Wachholz and Galehouse cases.

Mark Thompson, 35, missing since Nov. 1, 2003. Last seen leaving a pub in Clearwater.

Bradley Lee Williams, 31, missing since June 5, 2004. Last seen at a Tampa bar.

James M. Shumaker, 35, missing since Oct. 20, 1999. Last seen at a cafe in downtown Tampa.

Sources: Tampa Tribune archives,
Florida Department of Law Enforcement

turnee them, DeBlock told prosecutors.

GHB is an odorless, colorless liquid that acts as a depressant on the central nervous system as a depressant and anesthesia, can cause memory loss, it is banned in the United States for over-the-counter use.

Ober's office rejected DeBlock, saying he could not be a witness for a search warrant affidavit because he was not credible.

Ober denies that he hampered DeBlock's investigation into the disappearance of the two men for this story. His attorney, Thomas Gonzalez, said Ober has a long-standing policy not to use DeBlock as a witness because DeBlock's credibility came into question over the tape recordings of two prosecutions in a 1999串通案 of a Hillsborough prosecutor.

DeBlock surprisingly recorded conversations with the prosecutors to gather evidence against another.

Gonzalez also said that Ober informed the Tampa Police Department that any detective, besides DeBlock, could swear out an affidavit in the missing men case.

Tampa police Maj. Jane Siling, who supervises detectives, said DeBlock would only detectively assist in the case and he could have signed the affidavit.

The search

During the past two months, Tampa police and U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration agents searched the suspect's house using a federal search warrant, Siling said.

Scott Albrecht, a DIA agent assigned to the case, said DeBlock's assertion that there was evidence of kidnapping, sexual molestation, torture or aggravated battery at the suspect's residence was overstated.

Albrecht said a more accurate description would be that

it "may be" evidence of such conduct.

The suspect was arrested on narcotics and drug paraphernalia charges, Siling said. He spent six hours in custody and was released, Albrecht said. Officials would not disclose the suspect's name because of ongoing homicide and drug investigations.

Siling and Albrecht said the investigation was in the preliminary stage. Investigators don't know if the man is linked to any attacks, Siling and Albrecht said.

DeBlock declined to speak on the record. His lawyer, Ward Maythaler, did not return calls seeking comment.

Brian Winsfeld, a gay rights spokesman for Equality Florida, said it was "outrageous" that a "petty dispute" could have hampered the investigation.

While saying he was pleased with the way the Tampa Police Department often met with

members of the gay community to get leads, "we're disappointed with the lack of results with the investigation," Winsfeld said.

A friend of Orlando, set up a Web site, www.finddisappearances.com. He said he wasn't surprised by DeBlock's allegations.

"It's sad that if those allegations are true that people's egos get in the way of the greater good," Edward said.

Galehouse's mother, Pam Williams, said she is unhappy with how the Tampa Police Department has handled the case since May. She said she believes her son is still alive.

Loss of trust

DeBlock first filed a lawsuit against Ober in 2001, claiming that Ober slandered him and interfered with his job. On June 1, DeBlock filed an amended complaint outlining parts of the missing gay men investigation.

DeBlock has been taken off the case because of his problems with Ober, Siling said.

The DIA, the Hillsborough Sheriff's Office and the Tampa Police Department jointly investigating the missing persons cases. Ober has also referred DeBlock's civil court filing to the missing gay men to the U.S. attorney's office for a possible criminal investigation into leaking information about an ongoing investigation.

Laura McIlroy, spokeswoman for the Tampa Police Department, said Chief Stephen Hogas was upset over DeBlock's comments about the investigation.

McIlroy said Hogas did not know that Ober had banned DeBlock as a witness until DeBlock applied for the search warrant case was rejected.

Former Tampa police Chief James Holden, who succeeded Ober in 2001 that DeBlock would not handle cases where he would become a witness, said Pam Bondi, Ober's spokeswoman, because of Holder's actions, DeBlock used the Tampa Police Department's name in one and the one against Ober, are pending.

DeBlock is now assigned to a squad that investigates guns and gangs. His job is to trace guns used in crimes. He has no contact with the Hillsborough state attorney's office, McIlroy said.

DeBlock has worked for the Tampa Police Department for 21 years. Despite his problems

with the prosecutor's office, he has received excellent annual reviews from his supervisors.

"Detective DeBlock is always available to his clients," one of his colleagues said. "He is a good person."

DeBlock is a strong supporter of Ober's political opponent, Robin Faison, in the upcoming Aug. 11 Republican primary.

In 1996, DeBlock was assigned to the department's criminal division, a position he held until May 2003 when he was transferred to the department's missing persons unit because Ober had told Holdier that DeBlock could not be used as a witness, according to a deposition Holdier gave in DeBlock's lawsuit against the department.

Missing persons investigations are less likely than criminal investigations to seek search warrants and can be classified as prosecution witness.

DeBlock's problems with the local prosecutor's office began in 1997 when he reported to the U.S. attorney's office, the FBI and the Tampa Police Department of Law Enforcement that State Attorney Harry Lee Cox III had sex with a prostitute, according to a sworn deposition he gave in his lawsuit against Ober. Gonzalez said the U.S. attorney's office declined to investigate Cox on the word of a prostitute.

In 1999, DeBlock accused former prosecutor Elton "Beddy" Ginsburgard of tipping off John Brotherton, the owner of a bar in a Tampa neighborhood under investigation. DeBlock recorded his telephone conversations with two other prosecutors in his attempt to get information on Ginsburgard to the FBI.

Gonzalez, who at the time prosecuted prostitution cases against ramper bars, strip clubs and lingerie shops, knew Brotherton and excused him from several cases, according to seven documents from his supervisor.

DeBlock was investigated for illegally taping the conversations and said he was doing it on behalf of the FDLE. It was later determined that no based on the FDLE's report, Gonzalez said. Ober decided that DeBlock could not be used as a witness because his credibility was questionable.